

2.17  $\vec{H}(\vec{x}) = x^2 y \hat{i} + y^2 z \hat{j} + z^2 x \hat{k}$ .  
 find  $\vec{F}, \vec{G}$  if  $\vec{H} = \vec{F} + \vec{G}$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{G} = \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H} = -y^2 \hat{i} - z^2 \hat{j} - x^2 \hat{k}$$

Try  $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A} = \vec{G}, \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} = 0 \rightarrow -\nabla^2 \vec{A} = 0$

$$\vec{A} = y^4/12 \hat{i} + z^4/12 \hat{j} + x^4/12 \hat{k}$$

$$\vec{G} = \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A} = -z^3/3 \hat{i} - x^3/3 \hat{j} - y^3/3 \hat{k}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{F} = \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{H} = 2xy + 2yz + 2zx$$

Try  $\vec{F} = -\nabla \psi$

or  $\psi = \frac{-x^3 y}{3} - \frac{y^3 z}{3} - \frac{z^3 x}{3}$

$$\vec{F} = -\nabla \psi = (x^2 y + z^3/3) \hat{i} + (y^2 z + x^3/3) \hat{j} + (z^2 x + y^3/3) \hat{k}$$

2.18  $\vec{H} = -\nabla \psi + \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A}$ . show  $\nabla^2 \psi = -\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{H}$

$$\vec{\nabla}(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A}) - \nabla^2 \vec{A} = \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{H} = \vec{\nabla} \cdot (-\nabla \psi + \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A}) = \vec{\nabla} \cdot (-\nabla \psi) = -\nabla^2 \psi$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H} = \vec{\nabla} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A}) = \vec{\nabla}(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A}) - \nabla^2 \vec{A}$$

2.19  $\vec{F}(\vec{x}) = C \vec{x}$

a)  $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(Cx) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(Cy) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(Cz) = 3C$

b)  $\oint \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{A} = \int_V \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{F} d^3x = 3C \int_{-l/2}^{l/2} dx \int_{-l/2}^{l/2} dy \int_{-l/2}^{l/2} dz$

$$= 3Cl^3$$